SAVANNAH, GEORGIA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 8, 1851.

MORNING NEWS.

The Atlantic House at Savannah offers accommodations to the Fugitive Slave law as currently read by the Supreme Court. It is now evident that the states are not fully in accord with it. In some states, the law is one of the highest laws, and in others, it is a law of the lowest laws. This uncertainty in the interpretation of the law, and the lack of uniformity among the states, make it impossible to enforce the law in a consistent manner.

The Savannah Register, in a similar manner, also supports the law, but with reservations. It is stated that the law is not always applied in a consistent manner, and that the enforcement of the law is often hindered by local opposition.

The American Eagle, also a newspaper of the state, expresses its support of the law, stating that it is necessary for the protection of the whites of the state. However, it also notes that the law is often applied in a harsh manner, and that it is not always in the best interest of the state.

The Savannah News, on the other hand, takes a more critical stance. It states that the law is often applied in a manner that is not consistent with the law's original intent. It also notes that the law is often applied in a manner that is not in the best interest of the state.

The Savannah Star, a newspaper of the state, also expresses its support of the law, but with reservations. It states that the law is necessary for the protection of the whites of the state, but that it is not always in the best interest of the state.

The Savannah Times, also a newspaper of the state, takes a more critical stance. It states that the law is not always applied in a consistent manner, and that it is often applied in a manner that is not in the best interest of the state.