Debates to the Interests of the People.

FEARLESS AND FREE.

VOLUME XXXIV.
GETTYSBURG, PA. THURSDAY, SEP. 10, 1863.

By J. T. Wilkerson.

Poetry.

General Logan on the Term "Abolitionist." General Logan, on arriving home at Dagsboro, N. J., from Gen. Grant's army, delivered a long and impromptu address to his constituents from which we make the following extracts. General Logan, in speaking of the "abolitionist," appeals so often to his sentiments, all our soldiers will be read with interest. Know as well.

There is one other thing I want to say to you. It is this: I want to give the folks of all in this town a reason to think that they are all as reasonable as the abolitionists. There are many abolitionists in this town. They say John Logan, Willy, Jack, Bob, Tom, and all the others shout in the army, are all about as reasonable as the abolitionists. Why are we abolitionists? I want them to see my head, so that I am an abolitionist, or, if I am not, then the least I can do is to make you see my head. For if I am an abolitionist, I am not a abolitionist.

The next day, since the war commenced, except once, when I asked a short time to get some recruits.

The newspaper that has been published since I have been in the army, in any way, that kind of a political speech. How do they know that I am an abolitionist? Why do they think I am an abolitionist? I don't think I am an abolitionist. I think that I am an abolitionist. I don't think that I am an abolitionist. I don't think that I am an abolitionist. I think that I am an abolitionist.

The following day, he went to a general meeting of the town, and there he said he was an abolitionist.

I suppose that I am an abolitionist, because I don't think I am an abolitionist. I don't think that I am an abolitionist. I don't think that I am an abolitionist. I think that I am an abolitionist. I think that I am an abolitionist.

Now, let me tell you something. You must not think that I am an abolitionist, because I am not. I am not an abolitionist. I am not an abolitionist. I am not an abolitionist. I think that I am an abolitionist.

Let me tell you something. You must not think that I am an abolitionist, because I am not. I am not an abolitionist. I am not an abolitionist. I think that I am an abolitionist.

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NATIONAL CEMETERY AT GETTYSBURG.
The following correspondence has been published by the Governor and David D. Boggs, Esq., of Pennsylvania, with the object of promoting the establishment of a National Cemetery at Gettysburg.

To His Excellency A. J. Curtin, Governor of Pennsylvania,

The Bennington, 26th Oct., 1863.

SIR,—The subject of a national cemetery being the object of the address of the 36th Congress, and the passage of the act of 1862, inviting the states to erect such a monument, the object of the present letter is to call your attention to the desirability of the establishment of a national cemetery at Gettysburg, and to point out the advantages which the site of that battle possesses for such a purpose.

The battle of Gettysburg was fought on the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd days of July, 1863, and resulted in the defeat of the Confederates, who were led by General Lee, and in the death of over 50,000 men. The site of the battle is situated in the vicinity of the town of Gettysburg, in Pennsylvania, and is marked by a number of monuments, erected by various states and individuals, to commemorate the valor of their soldiers.

The town of Gettysburg is situated in a beautiful and fertile valley, and is surrounded by fine scenery. The site of the battle is a high and commanding position, and offers an excellent opportunity for the erection of a national cemetery. The site is also well adapted for the accommodation of visitors, and is near the principal railway lines, which connect it with the other parts of the country.

I hope that you will give this matter the attention it deserves, and that the establishment of a national cemetery at Gettysburg will be speedily accomplished.

Yours obediently,

DAVID WILLS.

The Battle Field of Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, August 11, 1863.

The following is a report of the battle of Gettysburg, which was fought on the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd days of July, 1863, and resulted in the defeat of the Confederates, who were led by General Lee, and in the death of over 50,000 men.

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I hope that you will give this matter the attention it deserves, and that the establishment of a national cemetery at Gettysburg will be speedily accomplished.

Yours obediently,

DAVID WILLS.
That Andrew G. Curtis, in his reply to the resolution of the Senate of the last session, was engaged in defending his own record, and not in replying to the charges of the Secretary of State, as was implied in the statement of the former; and that he was engaged in defending the State of Pennsylvania, and the State of the Union, in his reply to the resolutions of the Senate of the last session, and not in replying to the charges of the Secretary of State, as was implied in the statement of the former.

The resolution was then laid on the table, and the question was put, "Shall it be agreed to?" It was agreed to, by 39 yeas and 18 nays, and the resolution was ordered to be reported to the Senate, with the report of the House of Representatives.

FRANKLIN COUNTY, adr.

The general elections in Franklin county met on Tuesday last, and were ordered by the Board of Commissioners, under the direction of M. H. Smith, as Registrar and Recorder. The elections were held in various parts of the county, and the results were as follows:

In the election for Register and Recorder, and H. C. PERKY for Clerk of the Courts, the vote was as follows:

Register and Recorder: Perky, 350; Fink, 250.

Recorder and Clerk of the Courts: Perky, 350; Fink, 250.

In the election for Sheriff, the vote was as follows:

Sheriff: Perky, 350; Smith, 250.

In the election for Treasurer, the vote was as follows:

Treasurer: Perky, 350; Smith, 250.

In the election for District Attorney, the vote was as follows:

District Attorney: Perky, 350; Smith, 250.

In the election for Sheriff, the vote was as follows:

Sheriff: Perky, 350; Smith, 250.

In the election for Register and Recorder, the vote was as follows:

Register and Recorder: Perky, 350; Fink, 250.

In the election for Recorder and Clerk of the Courts, the vote was as follows:

Recorder and Clerk of the Courts: Perky, 350; Fink, 250.

In the election for Treasurer, the vote was as follows:

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Register and Recorder: Perky, 350; Fink, 250.

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Recorder and Clerk of the Courts: Perky, 350; Fink, 250.

In the election for Treasurer, the vote was as follows:

Treasurer: Perky, 350; Smith, 250.

In the election for District Attorney, the vote was as follows:

District Attorney: Perky, 350; Smith, 250.

The results of the election were as follows:

Register and Recorder: Perky, 350; Fink, 250.

Recorder and Clerk of the Courts: Perky, 350; Fink, 250.

Treasurer: Perky, 350; Smith, 250.

District Attorney: Perky, 350; Smith, 250.

Sheriff: Perky, 350; Smith, 250.

The results of the election were then declared, and the candidates were sworn in as the respective officers.

HEADQUARTERS OF PENNSYLVANIA ARMY, August 21, 1863.

To the Commanding General of the Army of the Potomac:

Gentlemen: I have the honor to transmitting to you the list of officers and men of the Pennsylvania Army who have been specially mentioned for promotion by the Secretary of War, in accordance with the instructions of the President of the United States, and the regulations of the Army.

I am, etc.,

J. K. REYNOLDS,

Major-General, Commanding.

WASHINGTON, D.C.

August 21, 1863.

The Pennsylvania Army has been in active service in the field for the past three years, and has been engaged in many battles and skirmishes. The list of officers and men who have been specially mentioned for promotion is as follows:

Major-General J. K. Reynolds,

Brigadier-General J. B. Denton,

Colonel T. H. Harris,

Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. Parke,

Captain J. B. Denton,

Captain J. H. Parke,

Sergeant J. H. Parke,

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Colonel T. H. Harris,

Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. Parke,

Captain J. B. Denton,

Captain J. H. Parke,

Sergeant J. H. Parke,
SMALL FARM AT SWIFTWATER.

The subscriber, Peter King, the third day of September, 1854, in the township of Berks, county of Chester, state of Pennsylvania, for the sum of $2,500, to be paid in yearly installments of $250, together with interest at 6% per annum, does hereby sell and convey to the said Peter King, all that certain tract of land, lying and being in the township of Berks, county of Chester, state of Pennsylvania, containing about 80 acres, more or less, bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone on the south line of the said tract of land, thence due north 100 rods, thence due east 100 rods, thence due south 100 rods, thence due west 100 rods, to the point of beginning, containing about 80 acres, more or less.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY.

The subscriber, John H. King, the third day of September, 1854, in the township of Berks, county of Chester, state of Pennsylvania, for the sum of $2,500, to be paid in yearly installments of $250, together with interest at 6% per annum, does hereby sell and convey to the said John H. King, all that certain tract of land, lying and being in the township of Berks, county of Chester, state of Pennsylvania, containing about 80 acres, more or less, bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone on the south line of the said tract of land, thence due north 100 rods, thence due east 100 rods, thence due south 100 rods, thence due west 100 rods, to the point of beginning, containing about 80 acres, more or less.

A JOINT RESOLUTION.

Whereas, it has been ascertained by the present Congress of the United States, that the public interest will be greatly promoted by the establishment of a national bank, the said Congress has passed the following joint resolution:

Resolved, That the said joint resolution be approved and concurred in.

SCHOOLS.

The subscription for the support of the schools in the township of Berks, county of Chester, state of Pennsylvania, for the year ending September 30, 1854, is now being solicited.

ORNAMENTAL IRON WORKS.

The subscriber, John H. King, the third day of September, 1854, in the township of Berks, county of Chester, state of Pennsylvania, for the sum of $2,500, to be paid in yearly installments of $250, together with interest at 6% per annum, does hereby sell and convey to the said John H. King, all that certain tract of land, lying and being in the township of Berks, county of Chester, state of Pennsylvania, containing about 80 acres, more or less, bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone on the south line of the said tract of land, thence due north 100 rods, thence due east 100 rods, thence due south 100 rods, thence due west 100 rods, to the point of beginning, containing about 80 acres, more or less.

VALUABLE FARM.

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NEW ORLEANS.

The subscriber, John H. King, the third day of September, 1854, in the township of Berks, county of Chester, state of Pennsylvania, for the sum of $2,500, to be paid in yearly installments of $250, together with interest at 6% per annum, does hereby sell and convey to the said John H. King, all that certain tract of land, lying and being in the township of Berks, county of Chester, state of Pennsylvania, containing about 80 acres, more or less, bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone on the south line of the said tract of land, thence due north 100 rods, thence due east 100 rods, thence due south 100 rods, thence due west 100 rods, to the point of beginning, containing about 80 acres, more or less.

UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA.

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PENN NATIONAL BANK.

The subscriber, John H. King, the third day of September, 1854, in the township of Berks, county of Chester, state of Pennsylvania, for the sum of $2,500, to be paid in yearly installments of $250, together with interest at 6% per annum, does hereby sell and convey to the said John H. King, all that certain tract of land, lying and being in the township of Berks, county of Chester, state of Pennsylvania, containing about 80 acres, more or less, bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone on the south line of the said tract of land, thence due north 100 rods, thence due east 100 rods, thence due south 100 rods, thence due west 100 rods, to the point of beginning, containing about 80 acres, more or less.

PHILADELPHIA EXHIBITION.

The subscriber, John H. King, the third day of September, 1854, in the township of Berks, county of Chester, state of Pennsylvania, for the sum of $2,500, to be paid in yearly installments of $250, together with interest at 6% per annum, does hereby sell and convey to the said John H. King, all that certain tract of land, lying and being in the township of Berks, county of Chester, state of Pennsylvania, containing about 80 acres, more or less, bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone on the south line of the said tract of land, thence due north 100 rods, thence due east 100 rods, thence due south 100 rods, thence due west 100 rods, to the point of beginning, containing about 80 acres, more or less.